GERSTEL

Sample Prep Solution 3-MCPD



Sample Prep Solution Automated system for ISO 18363-1, AOCS Cd 29c-13, and DGF C-VI 18 (10)

High stability and lowest limits of determination achieved using automated evaporation step



Sample Prep Solution 3-MCPD



During edible oil refining processes, 2-MCPD, 3-MCPD and glycidyl fatty acid esters can be generated, resulting in a contaminated product. The GERSTEL 3-MCPD Sample Prep Solution enables automated determination of these potentially health relevant contaminants supporting the methods ISO 18363-1, AOCS Cd 29c-13, and DGF C-VI 18 (10).

In fats and oils, glycerol is contained in the form of fatty acid esters (triglycerides). Since many oils are not suitable for consumption and are not stable in storage in their native, untreated form, they are refined to remove unwanted substances. The refining process involves a deodorization step, in which the oil is heated with hot steam to between 200 and 230 °C under vacuum to remove unwanted odor and flavor active substances along with other unwanted substances. When chloride is present, however, the heat treatment can result in the substitution of a fatty acid chain by a chloride atom forming 2-MCPD- and 3-MCPD fatty acid esters, respectively. Under these conditions, glycidyl fatty acid esters can also be formed. These contaminants are classified as potential health risks.

For the determination of 3-MCPD, the fatty acid esters, as well as glycidyl fatty acid esters, the German Society for Fat Sciences (DGF) recommends the unified DGF C-VI 18 (10) method, based on a complex sequence of sample preparation steps combined with GC/MS determination. The DFG C-VI 18(10) method is similar to the ISO 18363-1 and AOCS Cd 29c-13 methods, which are practically identical. The 3-MCPD Sample Prep Solution developed by GERSTEL automates the reliable indirect DGF method one to one using reduced volumes. If required, 2-MCPD can be determined as well.

The GERSTEL MultiPurpose Sampler (MPS robotic) Dual Head version, automates all steps including liquid handling, liquid-liquid extraction, evaporative concentration of extracts, change to a GC compatible solvent and derivatization of the analytes. If the MPS is integrated with a GC/MS system, the entire process including GC/MS analysis is automated and automatically optimized for highest productivity and throughput.

The evaporation step ensures that the required limits of determination can be reached using a single quadropole mass spectrometer (MSD) for most matrices. In addition, excess derivatization reagent is removed for improved GC/MS system stability. The PrepAhead function ensures maximum productivity and parallel processing of individual tasks. When performing differential determination of 3-MCPD and glycidol, 24 samples can be processed in 24 hours, based on 48 GC/MS analysis runs.

The GERSTEL 3-MCPD Sample Prep Solution supports the following standard methods: **ISO 18363-1, AOCS Cd 29c-13, and DGF C-VI 18 (10).**

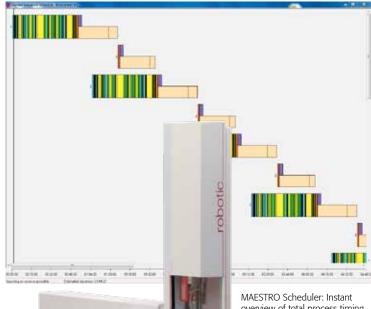
To prepare edible oils for consumption, a refining process is frequently required. During this process, 3-MCPD-, 2-MCPD-, and glycidyl fatty acid esters can be formed. A reduction in their levels is typically achieved by optimizing the refining process conditions.

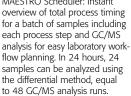




- Weigh a 100 mg sample into a vial
- Fill a second vial with sodium sulfate drying agent (drying vial) optional
- Add MTBE to the sample
- Add ISTD solution and mix, or melt and mix (solids)
- Add MeOH/NaOH mixture
- Agitate and incubate
- Add acidic NaCl solution (Assay A)
- Add acidic NaBr solution (Assay B)
- Add n-hexane for matrix extraction
- Agitate and incubate
- Discard hexane phase
- Repeat extraction with n-hexane twice
- Perform multiple analyte extractions using MTBE/Ethylacetate 3:2 (v/v), transfer the organic phases to the drying vial
- Add phenylboronic acid solution
- Evaporate to dryness and derivatize in the "VAP at 50 °C and subambient pressure
- Take up the derivatives in isooctane
- Introduction to GC/MS(/MS) if integrated with sampler.

One manual step is required followed by the long list of steps shown to the left prescribed in the unified DGF C-VI 18 (10) method. These are all performed automatically by the GERSTEL MultiPurpose Sampler (MPS). Depending on the instrument configuration, introduction of the prepared extract to the GC/MS system can be included.







neous, batchwise agitation.

quickMix enables extremely fast and efficient mixing and extraction of samples as part of an automated sample preparation process. The mixing power is comparable to that of a vortex mixer making quickMIX highly suitable for extraction of oil samples. In quickMIX, samples are placed in special trays that hold up to 6 samples, depending on the vial size, for simulta-

GERSTEL "VAP

GERSTEL "VAP performs evaporative concentration of up to 6 samples in parallel. Vacuum level, temperature and agitation speed are user defined and can be optimized for the analytes in question. "VAP makes it possible to reach lower limits of determination. When

analyzing for 3-MCPD and associated compounds in edible oils and fats, separation of excess derivatization reagent also helps to keep the GC/MS system stable, resulting in improved long term stability and accuracy. Depending on the type of oil analyzed, a concentration step enables single quadrupole mass spectrometers to reach the required limits of detection.

Application details...

GERSTEL AppNote 191 [1] offers a detailed overview of the performance of the GERSTEL 3-MCPD Sample Prep Solution. Among other things, it is demonstrated that results achieved using the automated sample preparation procedure correlate well with results from established manual sample preparation procedures. The usefulness for different types of oil is discussed, and linearity and repeatability shown.

All results demonstrated the suitability of the automated Sample Prep Solution for routine analysis.

[1] Lucas, D.; Hoffmann, A.; Gil, C. Fully Automated Determination of 3-MCPD and Glycidol in Edible Oils by GC/MS Based on the Commonly Used Methods ISO 18363-1, AOCS Cd 29c-13, and DGF C-VI 18 (10) GERSTEL AppNote No. 191, 2017

GERSTEL Application Note No. 191, 2017 GERSTEL Fully Automated Determination of 3-MCPD and Glycidol in Edible Oils by GC/MS Based on the Commonly Used Methods ISO 18363-1, AOCS Cd 29c-13, and DGF C-VI 18 (10) Dominik Lucas, Andreas Hoffmann, Carlos Gal GERSTEL Could & Co. KG. Eberhard-Gerstel-Plats 1, 41473 Milheim on der Ruhr, Germany GERSTEL Application Note No. 191, 2017 KEYWORD: 3-MCPD, 0 18363-1, A INTRODUCTION INTRODUCTION

3 - Monuc hloropropanediol (3 - MCPD)

3 - Monuc hloropropanediol (2 MCPD) and Glycidol

ste contaminants that are present in a variety of food

samples. These compounds are formed in fairly saley
during processing. As an experience are formed on fairly saley

of MCPD. 3-MCPD. The Glycidol esters are also quantitation ABSTRAC converted to free Glycidol in the 3-MCPD all these reas esters and least som GERSTEL Application Note No. 191, 2017 classifie has prop levels in

GERSTEL Application Note No. 191, 2017

available These

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

3-MCPD and Glycidol contamination. Table 1 shows the results from many B. Intrag the amount of 3-MCPD determined in three different edible cil samples as well

Table 1. 3-MCPD amount found in three different

3AMCPD	Amount (molka)	
OI 1	Reference	Automated
Marine Santana	0.77	0.68
012	0.58	0.63
21.3	0.27	0.29

or a given edible oil sample, the difference between the results for assays A and B multiplied by the are results for assays A and is multiplied by the previously determined conversion factor is used to calculate the amount of Glycidol in the sample. In table 2, the amounts obtained using this method are listed along with reference values.

Table 2. Glycidol amount found in three different eable oils in mg/kg.

Glycidor -	Amount (mg/lg)	
	Reference	Automated
Oil 1	0.14	0.12
01/2	0.44	0.12
010	0.11	The state of the s
and the same	0.11	0.0

strate the good repeatability of the automated sample preparation method, five samples of the same edible oil were analyzed undergoing individual sample preparation and analysis. Table 3 shows the repeatability based on the entire sample preparation rocedure and the subsequent OCMS analysis

Table 3. Repeatability for 3-MCPD and Glycidol

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Afterweit tennen in	
m +	
N. S. A. A. S. Company of the Compan	ĸ
a Arrount [mg/kg)	L

GERSTEL Application Note No. 191, 2017 CONCLUSIONS

In this work, we have shown that method ISO 18563-1 in this work, we have shown that method ISO 18:563-1 can be automated using the GERSTEL MPS and that the results obtained correlate well with reference data. This mathod is similar to two other frequently used methods. AOCS Cd 29:-13 and DOS C-VI 18 (10). The excellent relative standard deviations achieved for the complete process including GC/MS analysis speak

the complete process including GC/MS analysis speak in favor of the presented automation solution. The work presented here involves an automated evaporation step as prescribed in the abovementioned official methods. The resures that for most matrices, the required limits of detection on the reached using a single quadropole mass spectrometer (MSD). A further important sepect of the evaporation step is that it removes excess derivatization reagent, which could otherwise build up in the GC/MS system and influence system stability.

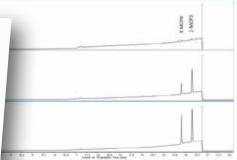
OUTLOOK

OUTLOOK

The described automation steps are not limited to the presented method. Such methods have alredy been tested for derivatization methods like the recently presented 3 in 1 appearsch, and can be adapted for that method with similar performance. The presented method has the advantage of being able to analyze a sample for Glycidol, 3-Monochioroprepanediol (3-MCPD) and additionally 2-Monochioroprepanediol (3-MCPD) and additionally 2-Monochloropropanedial (2-MCPD), all in a single run

In addition to extracting and determining MCPD and Glycadol esters, the described automation platform can also extract and determine PAHs from edible oils neing automated solid phase extraction combined with

LITERATURE
[1] http://www.bfr/



miz 198 : Top: Virgin olive oil used as blank oil. Middle: Edible oil sample (3-MCPD). Bottom: Edible oil sample assay A (3-MCPD + Glycidol).

ndirect ISO 18363-1, AOCS Cd 18 (10) methods is to evaluate conversion from Glycidol to method used for Assay A. ant of 3-MCPD formed as nt of Glycsdol (in the form of a spiked blank oil at five different on of the type y = mx + b is all slope (1/m) provides the

To Miller on Name of

fermination of 3-MCPD and The linearity of the method was verified by analyzing virgin olive oil spiked at five different levels. This was performed for both assays. In figure 5, the excellent linearity (R2> 0.9998) achieved for both assays from 0.12-1.9 mg/kg is shown.

on of edible oils prior to GC/M

ove matrix, Free 3. MC Size to remove matrix. Free 3-MC.
500 µL MTBE ElAc (3/2 v/N). 1
ded in a new 2 mL vial pre- filled w
and the sample is evaporated to dry
it in may a module. The Phenylbon

1. m Wap module. The Phenylbon are redissolved in Isooctane vial with p-vial insert ready fact that Phenylboronic acid is Isooctane helps reduce the amou at injected. The evaporation at both to increase the sensitivity of e excess Phenythor tect the MSD

3 µL injection volume buffled liner, deactivated selvent year 40°C (0 mm); 12°C/s; 300°C (5 30 m Rxi-17 ad ma (Restek) d = 0.25 mm d_s = 0.25 μm He, constant flow = 1 mL/mm 50°C (2 mm), 10°C mm, 200°C 20°C mm; 300°C (5 mm) Selected ion monitoring SIM 3-MCPD: 196/198/147 at 3-MCPD-45: 201/203/150 at

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ISO 9001

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